

## SEMESTER LEARNING PLAN



**SURABAYA STATE UNIVERSITY  
FACULTY OF EDUCATION  
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATIONAL CURRICULUM AND TECHNOLOGY  
EDUCATIONAL TECHNOLOGY S1 STUDY PROGRAM**

**Document  
Code**

### SEMESTER LEARNING PLAN

| COURSES (MK)                  | CODE   | MK family   | WEIGHT ( credits )     |             | SEMESTER                       | Compilation Date |
|-------------------------------|--|---|------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|------------------|
| Education statistics          | 8620302204   | Learning Evaluation   | <b>T = 2</b>           | <b>P= 0</b> | 3                              | April 20, 2022   |
| <b>AUTHORIZATION</b>          | <b>RPS Developer</b>   |   | <b>RMK Coordinator</b> |             | <b>Head of Study Program</b>   |                  |
|                               |  |   |                        |             | Dr. Andi Kristanto S.Pd, M.Pd. |                  |
| <b>Learning Outcomes (CP)</b> | <b>CPL-PRODI charged to MK</b>   |   |                        |             |                                |                  |
|                               | CPL-S 7  | Able to realize the character of "Intelligent, Religious, Noble Morals, Independent, Professional and Has Excellence" in daily behavior   |                        |             |                                |                  |
|                               | CPL- P 1   | Mastering concepts, structures and materials in educational technology science as a Learning Technology Developer, Education and Training Analyst, and Multimedia/Animation/Broadcast Teacher                         |                        |             |                                |                  |
|                               | CPL-KK 3   | Solve problems based on the case study <i>method</i> or project-based group learning <i>in</i> the field of Education technology, by prioritizing digital literacy  |                        |             |                                |                  |
|                               | CPL-KU 5   | technology and local wisdom   |                        |             |                                |                  |
|                               | <b>Course Learning Outcomes (CPMK)</b>   |   |                        |             |                                |                  |
|                               | CPMK-S 7   | Students are able to realize the character of "Intelligent, Religious, Noble Morals, Independent, Professional and Has Excellence" in educational statistics learning activities                                      |                        |             |                                |                  |
|                               | CPMK-P 1   | Students are able to master concepts, structures and statistical material in analyzing various educational problems as developers of Educational Technology   |                        |             |                                |                  |
|                               | CPMK-KK 3  | Students are able to solve problems based on the case study <i>method</i> or project-based group learning <i>in</i> the field of education technology, by prioritizing digital literacy through statistical science . |                        |             |                                |                  |
| CPMK-KU 5                     | Students are able to use technology and information in solving problems in the field of educational technology and |   |                        |             |                                |                  |

|                             |   |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                   |                   |                   |                   |
|-----------------------------|---|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
|                             | inclusive education based on digital technology and local wisdom through statistical science  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                   |                   |                   |                   |
|                             | <b>The final ability of each learning stage (Sub-CPMK)</b>  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                   |                   |                   |                   |
| Sub-CPMK1                   | Students are able to master the basic concepts of statistics  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                   |                   |                   |                   |
| Sub-CPMK2                   | Students are able to master the concept of population and sample  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                   |                   |                   |                   |
| Sub-CPMK3                   | Students are able to master the concept of validity and reliability of research instruments   |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                   |                   |                   |                   |
| Sub-CPMK4                   | Students are able to Master the concept of Research Data  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                   |                   |                   |                   |
| Sub-CPMK5                   | Students are able to Master the concept of Data Presentation  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                   |                   |                   |                   |
| Sub-CPMK6                   | Students are able to Master the Concept of Central Tendency   |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                   |                   |                   |                   |
| Sub-CPMK7                   | Students are able to master the concept of variability  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                   |                   |                   |                   |
| Sub-CPMK8                   | Students are able to master the concepts of techniques to identify the normality of data distribution   |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                   |                   |                   |                   |
| Sub-CPMK9                   | Students are able to master the concept of z-score and t-score  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                   |                   |                   |                   |
| Sub-CPMK10                  | Students are able to Master the concept of Hypothesis   |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                   |                   |                   |                   |
| Sub-CPMK11                  | Students are able to master the concept of Product-Moment Correlation and Spearman's Ladder.  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                   |                   |                   |                   |
| Sub-CPMK12                  | Students are able to master the concept of analysis of variance by using t test and F . test  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                   |                   |                   |                   |
| Sub-CPMK13                  | Students are able to master the concept of nonparametric data analysis  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                   |                   |                   |                   |
|                             | <b>Correlation between CPL/CPMK and Sub-CPMK</b>  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                   |                   |                   |                   |
|                             | <b>Sub-CPMK1</b>  | <b>Sub-CPMK2</b> | <b>Sub-CPMK3</b> | <b>Sub-CPMK4</b> | <b>Sub-CPMK5</b> | <b>Sub-CPMK6</b> | <b>Sub-CPMK7</b> | <b>Sub-CPMK8</b> | <b>Sub-CPMK9</b> | <b>Sub-CPMK10</b> | <b>Sub-CPMK11</b> | <b>Sub-CPMK12</b> | <b>Sub-CPMK13</b> |
| CPMK-S 7                    |   |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                   |                   |                   |                   |
| CPMK-P 1                    |   |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                   |                   |                   |                   |
| CPMK-KK 3                   |   |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                   |                   |                   |                   |
| CPMK-KU 5                   |   |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                   |                   |                   |                   |
| <b>Description Short MK</b> | This course discusses the basic concepts of descriptive, inferential, parametric and non-parametric statistics, as well as the use of simple formulas for analyzing practical statistical problems through scientific learning. Lectures are carried out by means of blended learning. Assessment is done by way of questions and answers in writing. |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                   |                   |                   |                   |
| <b>Study Materials:</b>     | 1. Understanding statistics   |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                  |                   |                   |                   |                   |

|                           |  |
|---------------------------|--|
| <b>Learning Materials</b> | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>2. Various statistics</li> <li>3. Statistical functions in research</li> <li>4. Definition of population</li> <li>5. Definition of sample</li> <li>6. Advantages of research using samples</li> <li>7. A wide variety of sampling techniques</li> <li>8. How to determine sample size</li> <li>9. Validity and reliability of research instruments</li> <li>10. Nominal data</li> <li>11. ordinal data</li> <li>12. Interval data</li> <li>13. Ratio data</li> <li>14. Frequency distribution table</li> <li>15. histogram</li> <li>16. polygon</li> <li>17. Piechart</li> <li>18. mean</li> <li>19. mode</li> <li>20. median</li> <li>21. Range</li> <li>22. Standard deviation</li> <li>23. Variant</li> <li>24. The technique of identifying the normality of the distribution of data using the Skewness</li> <li>25. The technique of identifying the normality of the distribution of data using the Chi-Squared</li> <li>26. Convert raw scores to Z-Score and T-Score</li> <li>27. Various hypotheses</li> <li>28. Hypothesis errors</li> <li>29. How to test the hypothesis</li> <li>30. Product-Moment Correlation and Spearman Rank</li> <li>31. Analysis of variance using t test and F . test</li> <li>32. Mc Nemar Test</li> <li>33. Sign Test</li> </ol> |
| <b>References</b>         | <b>Main :</b>  |

|                            |  | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <b>Winarsunu, Tulus</b> . 2008. <i>Statistics in Research and Psychology</i>. Malang: UMM Press.</li> <li>2. <b>Hadi, S.</b> 2007 . <i>Education Statistics</i>. Yogyakarta: Gajahmada University Press</li> </ol>   |                 |  |                               |  |            |
|----------------------------|--|--|-----------------|--|-------------------------------|--|------------|
|                            |  | <b>Supporters:</b>   |                 |  |                               |  |            |
|                            |  | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <b>Riduwan</b>. 2014. <i>Introduction to Social Statistics</i> . Bandung: Alfabeta</li> <li>2. <b>Rusijono, et al.</b> 2020. <i>Education Statistics Handout</i> . Surabaya: Education Technology FIP Unesa</li> <li>3. <b>Sanjaya, Vienna</b>. 2010. <i>Statistical Methods</i> . Jakarta: Kencana</li> <li>4. <b>Sudijono, Anas</b>. 2015. <i>Introduction to Education Statistics</i> . Jakarta: Rajawali Press</li> <li>5. <b>Sudjana, Nana</b>. 2010. <i>Statistical Methods</i> . Bandung: Tarsito</li> <li>6. <b>Sugiyono</b>. 2010 . <i>Statistics For Research</i> . Bandung: Alfabeta</li> <li>7. <b>Sugiyono</b>. 2011. <i>Quantitative, Qualitative and R&amp;D Research Methods</i> . Bandung: Alfabeta</li> <li>8. <b>Yudiatmaja, Fridayana</b>. 2013. <i>Regression Analysis Using SPSS Statistical Computer Application</i>. Jakarta: PT Gramedia Pustaka Utama</li> </ol> |                 |  |                               |  |            |
| <b>Supporting lecturer</b> |  |  |                 |  |                               |  |            |
| <b>Subject s condition</b> |  |  |                 |  |                               |  |            |
| M g<br>Ke-                 | The final ability of each learning stage (Sub-CPMK)          | Evaluation   |                 | Learning Forms, Learning Methods , Student Assignment, [ Estimated time] |                               | Learning materials [ References ]  | Weight (%) |
|                            |  | Indicator  | Criteria & Form | Offline Learning ( offline )   | Online Learning ( online )    |  |            |
| (1)                        | (2)  | (3)  | (4)             | (5)  | (6)                           | (7)  | (8)        |
| 1.                         | Students are able to master the basic concepts of statistics | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Students are able to explain the meaning of statistics</li> <li>2. Students are able to explain various kinds of statistical classification</li> <li>3. Students are</li> </ol>  | writing test    | Lectures, Discussions, Questions and Answers.<br>1 x 50 minutes          | Asynchronic<br>1 x 50 minutes | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Winarsunu, Tulus. 2008. <i>Statistics in Research and Psychology</i>. Malang: UMM Press.</li> <li>2. Hadi, S. 2007.</li> </ol> | 5 %        |

|    |  |   |              |  |                                       |  |    |
|----|--|---|--------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|----|
|    |  | able to explain statistical functions in research   |              |  |                                       | Education Statistics. Yogyakarta: Gajahmada University Press   |    |
| 2. | Students are able to master the concept of population and sample | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Students are able to explain the meaning of population</li> <li>2. Students are able to explain the meaning of the sample</li> <li>3. Students are able to explain the advantages of research using samples</li> <li>4. Students are able to explain various kinds of sampling techniques</li> <li>5. Students are</li> </ol> | writing test | Lectures, Discussions, Presentations, Questions and Answers.<br>1 x 50 minutes | <i>Asynchronous</i><br>1 x 50 minutes | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Winarsunu, Tulus. 2008. Statistics in Research and Psychology. Malang: UMM Press.</li> <li>2. Hadi, S. 2007. Education Statistics. Yogyakarta: Gajahmada University Press</li> </ol> | 5% |

|    |   |   |              |  |                                       |  |    |
|----|---|---|--------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|----|
|    |   | able to determine the sample size using the Krejcie Table and the Harry King Nomogram   |              |  |                                       |  |    |
| 3. | Students are able to master the concept of validity and reliability of research instruments | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Students are able to calculate the empirical validity of measuring instruments</li> <li>2. Students are able to calculate the reliability of measuring instruments</li> </ol> | writing test | Lectures, Discussions, Presentations, Questions and Answers.<br>1 x 50 minutes | <i>Asynchronous</i><br>1 x 50 minutes | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Winarsunu, Tulus. 2008. Statistics in Research and Psychology. Malang: UMM Press.</li> <li>2. Hadi, S. 2007. Education Statistics. Yogyakarta: Gajahmada University Press</li> </ol> | 5% |
| 4. | Students are able to Master the concept of Research Data                                    | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Students are able to mention various kinds of statistical data</li> <li>2. Students are</li> </ol>  | writing test | Lectures, Discussions, Presentations, Questions and Answers.<br>1 x 50 minutes | <i>Asynchronous</i><br>1 x 50 minutes | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Winarsunu, Tulus. 2008. Statistics in Research and Psychology.</li> </ol>  | 5% |

|    |  |   |              |  |                                      |  |    |
|----|--|---|--------------|--|--------------------------------------|--|----|
|    |  | able to classify various kinds of statistical data  |              |  |                                      | Malang:<br>UMM<br>Press.<br>2. Hadi, S.<br>2007.<br>Education<br>Statistics.<br>Yogyakarta:<br>Gajahmada<br>University<br>Press  |    |
| 5. | Students are able to Master the concept of Data Presentation | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Students can present research data in the form of a frequency distribution table</li> <li>2. Students can present research data in the form of histograms</li> <li>3. Students can present research data in the form of polygons</li> <li>4. Students can present research data in piechart form</li> </ol> | writing test | Lectures,<br>Discussions,<br>Presentations,<br>Questions and<br>Answers.<br>1 x 50 minutes | <i>Asynchronic</i><br>1 x 50 minutes | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Winarsunu, Tulus.<br/>2008.<br/>Statistics in<br/>Research<br/>and<br/>Psychology.<br/>Malang:<br/>UMM<br/>Press.</li> <li>2. Hadi, S.<br/>2007.<br/>Education<br/>Statistics.<br/>Yogyakarta:<br/>Gajahmada<br/>University<br/>Press</li> </ol> | 5% |

|    |   |   |              |  |                                       |  |            |
|----|---|---|--------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|------------|
| 6. | Students are able to Master the Concept of Central Tendency | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Students can calculate the mean</li> <li>2. Students can calculate the mode</li> <li>3. Students can calculate the median</li> </ol>      | writing test | Lectures, Discussions, Presentations, Questions and Answers.<br>1 x 50 minutes | <i>Asynchronous</i><br>1 x 50 minutes | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Winarsunu, Tulus. 2008. Statistics in Research and Psychology. Malang: UMM Press.</li> <li>2. Hadi, S. 2007. Education Statistics. Yogyakarta: Gajahmada University Press</li> </ol> | 5%         |
| 7. | <b>UTS</b>  |   |              |  |                                       |  | <b>15%</b> |
| 8. | Students are able to master the concept of variability      | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Students can calculate Range</li> <li>2. Students can calculate standard deviation</li> <li>3. Students can calculate variance</li> </ol> | writing test | Lectures, Discussions, Presentations, Questions and Answers.<br>1 x 50 minutes | <i>Asynchronous</i><br>1 x 50 minutes | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Winarsunu, Tulus. 2008. Statistics in Research and Psychology. Malang: UMM Press.</li> <li>2. Hadi, S. 2007. Education Statistics.</li> </ol>  | 5%         |



|            |   |  |              |  |                                       |  |    |
|------------|---|--|--------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|----|
|            |   |  |              |  |                                       | Yogyakarta:<br>Gajahmada<br>University<br>Press  |    |
| <b>9.</b>  | Students are able to master the concepts of techniques to identify the normality of data distribution | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Students can identify the normality of data distribution with the Skewness technique</li> <li>2. Students can identify the normality of data distribution using the Chi-Squared . technique</li> </ol> | writing test | Lectures,<br>Discussions,<br>Presentations,<br>Questions and<br>Answers.<br>1 x 50 minutes | <i>Asynchronous</i><br>1 x 50 minutes | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Winarsunu, Tulus. 2008. Statistics in Research and Psychology. Malang: UMM Press.</li> <li>2. Hadi, S. 2007. Education Statistics. Yogyakarta: Gajahmada University Press</li> </ol> | 5% |
| <b>10.</b> | Students are able to master the concept of z-score and t-score  | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Students are able to change the Score to z-Score</li> <li>2. Students are able to change the z-Score to t-Score</li> </ol>   | writing test | Lectures,<br>Discussions,<br>Presentations,<br>Questions and<br>Answers.<br>1 x 50 minutes | <i>Asynchronous</i><br>1 x 50 minutes | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Winarsunu, Tulus. 2008. Statistics in Research and Psychology. Malang: UMM Press.</li> <li>2. Hadi, S.</li> </ol>  | 5% |

|            |  |   |              |  |                                       |  |    |
|------------|--|---|--------------|--|---------------------------------------|--|----|
|            |  |   |              |  |                                       | 2007.<br>Education<br>Statistics.<br>Yogyakarta:<br>Gajahmada<br>University<br>Press   |    |
| <b>11.</b> | Students are able to Master the concept of Hypothesis  | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Students can formulate a null hypothesis and a working hypothesis</li> <li>2. Students can identify various hypothesis errors</li> <li>3. Students can find out various ways of testing hypotheses</li> </ol> | writing test | Lectures,<br>Discussions,<br>Presentations,<br>Questions and<br>Answers.<br>1 x 50 minutes | <i>Asynchronous</i><br>1 x 50 minutes | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Winarsunu, Tulus. 2008. Statistics in Research and Psychology. Malang: UMM Press.</li> <li>2. Hadi, S. 2007. Education Statistics. Yogyakarta: Gajahmada University Press</li> </ol> | 5% |
| <b>12.</b> | Students are able to master the concept of Product-Moment Correlation and Spearman's Ladder. | Students can calculate the Product-Moment correlation and Spearman level system   | writing test | Lectures,<br>Discussions,<br>Presentations,<br>Questions and<br>Answers.<br>1 x 50 minutes | <i>Asynchronous</i><br>1 x 50 minutes | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Winarsunu, Tulus. 2008. Statistics in Research and Psychology.</li> </ol>  | 5% |

|            |  |  |              |  |                                       |   |    |
|------------|--|--|--------------|--|---------------------------------------|---|----|
|            |  |  |              |  |                                       | <p>Malang:<br/>UMM<br/>Press.</p> <p>2. Hadi, S.<br/>2007.<br/>Education<br/>Statistics.<br/>Yogyakarta:<br/>Gajahmada<br/>University<br/>Press</p>   |    |
| <b>13.</b> | Students are able to master the concept of analysis of variance by using t test and F . test | Students can analyze data with variance analysis approach                    | writing test | Lectures,<br>Discussions,<br>Presentations,<br>Questions and<br>Answers.<br>1 x 50 minutes | <i>Asynchronous</i><br>1 x 50 minutes | <p>1. Winarsunu,<br/>Tulus.<br/>2008.<br/>Statistics in<br/>Research<br/>and<br/>Psychology.<br/>Malang:<br/>UMM<br/>Press.</p> <p>2. Hadi, S.<br/>2007.<br/>Education<br/>Statistics.<br/>Yogyakarta:<br/>Gajahmada<br/>University<br/>Press</p> | 5% |
| <b>14.</b> | Students are able to master the concept of nonparametric data analysis                       | Students can analyze nonparametric data with the Mc Nemar Test and Sign Test | writing test | Lectures,<br>Discussions,<br>Presentations,<br>Questions and                               | <i>Asynchronous</i><br>1 x 50 minutes | <p>1. Winarsunu,<br/>Tulus.<br/>2008.<br/>Statistics in</p>   | 5% |

|     |     |             |  |                            |  |   |     |
|-----|-----|-------------|--|----------------------------|--|---|-----|
|     |     | techniques. |  | Answers.<br>1 x 50 minutes |  | Research<br>and<br>Psychology.<br>Malang:<br>UMM<br>Press.<br>2. Hadi, S.<br>2007.<br>Education<br>Statistics.<br>Yogyakarta:<br>Gajahmada<br>University<br>Press |     |
| 15. | UAS |             |  |                            |  |   | 20% |

**Note :**

1. **Learning Outcomes of Study Program Graduates (CPL-PRODI)** are abilities possessed by every graduate of PRODI **which** are internalization of attitudes, mastery of knowledge and skills according to the level of study programs obtained through the learning process.
2. **CP L that is charged to the course** are several learning outcomes for study program graduates (CPL-PRODI) which are used for the formation/development of a course consisting of aspects of attitude, general skills, special skills and knowledge.
3. **CP Subjects (CPMK)** are abilities that are specifically described from the CPL that are charged to courses , and are specific to the study material or learning material for the course.
4. **Subject Sub-CP (Sub-CPMK)** is the ability that is specifically described from the CPMK that can be measured or observed and is the final ability that is planned at each learning stage, and is specific to the learning material of the course.
5. **Indicators for assessing** the ability in the process and student learning outcomes are specific and measurable statements that identify the ability or performance of student learning outcomes accompanied by evidence.
6. **Assessment criteria** are benchmarks used as measures or benchmarks for learning achievement in assessment based on predetermined indicators. Assessment criteria are guidelines for raters so that the assessment is consistent and unbiased. Criteria can be either quantitative or qualitative.
7. **Assessment techniques:** test and non-test.
8. **Forms of learning:** Lecture, Response, Tutorial, Seminar or equivalent, Practicum, Studio Practice, Workshop Practice, Field Practice, Research, Community Service and/or other equivalent forms of learning.
9. **Learning Methods:** Small Group Discussion, Role-Play & Simulation, Discovery Learning, Self-Directed Learning, Cooperative Learning, Collaborative Learning, Contextual Learning, Project Based Learning, and other equivalent methods.
10. **Learning Materials** are details or descriptions of study materials that can be presented in the form of several subjects and sub-topics.

11. **The weight of the assessment** is the percentage of assessment of each achievement of the sub-CPMK which is proportional to the level of difficulty of achieving the sub-CPMK, and the total is 100% .
12. **PB** = Learning Process, **PT** = Structured Assignments, **KM** = Independent Activities.

Student CPL Achievement Assessment & Evaluation

| Mg | CPL   | CPMK (CLO) | Sub-CPMK (LLO) | Indicator   | Question Form - Weight(%)* )   |    | Weight (%) Sub-CPMK | Mhs value (0-100) | 1d((Mhs Grade) X (Weight%)* ) | Achievement of CPL at the Constitutional Court (%) |
|----|-------|------------|----------------|---|--|----|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|--|
|    |       |            |                |   |  |    |                     |                   |                               |  |
| 1  | CPL-P | CPMK-P     | Sub-CPMK 1     | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Students are able to explain the meaning of statistics</li> <li>2. Students are able to explain various kinds of statistical classification</li> <li>3. Students are able to explain statistical functions in research</li> </ol>               | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1) Explain the meaning of statistics!</li> <li>2) Explain the various statistical classifications!</li> <li>3) Explain the function of statistics in research!</li> </ol>   | 5% | 5%                  |                   |                               |  |
| 2  | CPL-P | CPMK-P     | Sub-CPMK 2     | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Students are able to explain the meaning of population</li> <li>2. Students are able to explain the meaning of the sample</li> <li>3. Students are able to explain the advantages of research using samples</li> <li>4. Students are</li> </ol> | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1) Explain the meaning of population!</li> <li>2) Explain the meaning of sample</li> <li>3) Explain the advantages of research using samples!</li> <li>4) Explain sampling technique</li> <li>5) Determine the sample size using</li> </ol> | 5% | 5%                  |                   |                               |  |

|   |       |         |            |  |  |    |    |  |  |  |
|---|-------|---------|------------|--|--|----|----|--|--|--|
|   |       |         |            | <p>able to explain various kinds of sampling techniques</p> <p>5. Students are able to determine the sample size using the Krejcie Table and the Harry King Nomogram</p>   | <p>the Harry King nomogram table</p>   |    |    |  |  |  |
| 3 | CPL-P | CPMK-KK | Sub-CPMK 3 | <p>1. Students are able to calculate the empirical validity of measuring instruments</p> <p>2. Students are able to calculate the reliability of measuring instruments</p> | <p>1) Calculate the empirical validity of the measuring instrument!</p> <p>2) Calculate the reliability of the measuring instrument!</p> | 5% | 5% |  |  |  |
| 4 | CPL-P | CPMK-KK | Sub-CPMK 4 | <p>1. Students are able to mention various kinds of statistical data</p> <p>2. Students are able to classify various kinds of</p>  | <p>1) Mention the various statistical data!</p> <p>2) Classify statistical data according to their respective categories!</p>            | 5% | 5% |  |  |  |

|   |       |         |            |  |  |     |     |  |  |  |
|---|-------|---------|------------|--|--|-----|-----|--|--|--|
|   |       |         |            | statistical data   |  |     |     |  |  |  |
| 5 | CPL-P | CPMK-KK | Sub-CPMK 5 | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Students can present research data in the form of a frequency distribution table</li> <li>Students can present research data in the form of a histogram</li> <li>Students can present research data in the form of polygons</li> <li>Students can present research data in piechart form</li> </ol> | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Present the research data in the form of a frequency distribution table!</li> <li>Present research data in the form of a histogram!</li> <li>Present research data in the form of polygons</li> <li>Present research data in piechart form</li> </ol> | 5%  | 5%  |  |  |  |
| 6 | CPL-P | CPMK-KK | Sub-CPMK 6 | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Students can calculate the mean</li> <li>Students can calculate the mode</li> <li>Students can calculate the median</li> </ol>  | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Calculate the Mean of the data!</li> <li>Calculate the median of the data!</li> <li>Calculate the mode from the data!</li> </ol>  | 5%  | 5%  |  |  |  |
| 7 | UTS   |         |            |  |  | 15% | 15% |  |  |  |
| 8 | CPL-P | CPMK-KK | Sub-CPMK 7 | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Students can</li> </ol>   | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Calculate the range of the data!</li> </ol>   | 5%  | 5%  |  |  |  |



|    |       |         |            |   |  |    |    |  |  |  |
|----|-------|---------|------------|---|--|----|----|--|--|--|
|    |       |         |            | <p>calculate Range</p> <p>2. Students can calculate standard deviation</p> <p>3. Students can calculate variance</p>  | <p>2) Calculate the standard deviation of the data!</p> <p>3) Calculate the variance of the data!</p>  |    |    |  |  |  |
| 9  | CPL-P | CPMK-KK | Sub-CPMK 8 | <p>1. Students can identify the normality of data distribution with the Skewness technique</p> <p>2. Students can identify the normality of data distribution using the Chi-Squared . technique</p> | <p>1) identify the normality of the data distribution using the Skewness technique !</p> <p>2) identify the normality of the data distribution using the Chi-Squared technique !</p> | 5% | 5% |  |  |  |
| 10 | CPL-P | CPMK-KK | Sub-CPMK 9 | <p>1. Students are able to change the Score to z-Score</p> <p>2. Students are able to change the z-Score to t-Score</p>   | <p>1) Convert that score to a z-Score!</p> <p>2) Change the z-Score to a t-Score!</p>  | 5% | 5% |  |  |  |
| 11 | CPL-P | CPMK-KK | Sub-CPMK   | <p>1. Students can</p>  | <p>1) Write a null hypothesis and a</p>  | 5% | 5% |  |  |  |

|   |       |         |             |  |  |     |     |  |  |  |
|---|-------|---------|-------------|--|--|-----|-----|--|--|--|
|   |       |         | 10          | <p>formulate a null hypothesis and a working hypothesis</p> <p>2. hypothesis errors</p> <p>3. Students can find out various ways of testing hypotheses</p> | <p>working hypothesis!</p> <p>2) Identify the various hypothesis errors!</p> <p>3) Explain the various ways of hypothesis testing!</p> |     |     |  |  |  |
| 12  | CPL-P | CPMK-KK | Sub-CPMK 11 | Students can calculate the Product-Moment correlation and Spearman level system  | 1) Calculate the product-moment correlation and the spearman ladder!   | 5%  | 5%  |  |  |  |
| 13  | CPL-P | CPMK-KK | Sub-CPMK 12 | Students can analyze data with variance analysis approach  | 1) Analyze the data using the analysis of variance approach  | 5%  | 5%  |  |  |  |
| 14  | CPL-P | CPMK-KK | Sub-CPMK 13 | Students can analyze nonparametric data with the Mc Nemar Test and Sign Test techniques.   | 1) Analyze the nonparametric data using the Mc Nemar Test and Sign Test techniques!  | 5%  | 5%  |  |  |  |
| 15  | UAS   |         |             |  |  | 20% | 20% |  |  |  |
| <b>Total weight (%)</b>   |       |         |             |  |  | 100 | 100 |  |  |  |
| <b>Student's final grade ( <math>\sum(\text{Score}) \times (\text{Weight}\%)</math> )</b> |       |         |             |  |  |     |     |  |  |  |

**Note :** CLO = Courses Learning Outcomes, LLC = Lesson Learning Outcomes

